Quality Check Summary
Llantarnam Dental Practice
Activity date: 1 November 2021

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Quality Check Summary

Our approach

Healthcare Inspectorate Wales (HIW) undertook a remote quality check of Llantarnam Dental Practice as part of its programme of assurance work. The practice offers a wide range of private and NHS treatments and services.

HIW's quality checks form part of a new tailored approach to assurance and are one of a number of ways in which it examines how healthcare services are meeting the NHS - Health and Care Standards 2015 and the Private Dentistry (Wales) Regulations 2017.

Feedback is made available to service representatives at the end of the quality check, in a way which supports learning, development and improvement at both operational and strategic levels.

Quality checks are a snapshot of the standards of care within healthcare services. They are conducted entirely offsite and focus on three key areas; infection prevention and control, governance (specifically around staffing) and the environment of care. The work explores arrangements put in place to protect staff and patients from COVID 19, enabling us provide fast and supportive improvement advice on the safe operation of services during the pandemic. More information on our approach to assurance and inspections can be found here.

We spoke to the registered manger on 1 November 2021 who provided us with information and evidence about their service. We used the following key lines of enquiry:

- What changes have you implemented in light of COVID-19 to ensure infection prevention and control standards are maintained?
- How are you ensuring that all patients (including vulnerable/at risk groups) are able to access services appropriately and safely?
- How do you meet the needs of Welsh speaking patients when accessing healthcare services in the medium of Welsh?
- How has the practice and the services it provides adapted during this period of COVID-19?
- How do you ensure that equality and a rights based approach are embedded across the service?

Environment

During the quality check, we considered how the service has responded to the challenges presented by COVID-19 and how the service has designed and managed the environment of care to keep it as safe as possible for patients, staff and visitors.

The key documents we reviewed included:

- Risk assessment checklist
- Risk assessment dental practice
- Cleaning protocol
- Cleaners schedule for cleaning
- COVID-19 risk assessment.

We also questioned the service representatives on the changes they have made to make sure patients continue to receive care and treatment according to their needs.

The following positive evidence was received:

We were told of the changes that had been made to the practice environment as a result of the pandemic. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) for staff and patients is available as well as hand washing and sanitising stations throughout the building. Cleaning schedules had been amended to enable more frequent cleaning. We were told that the practice were following any updates and advice from external bodies, including the guidance issued by the Chief Dental Officer (CDO) for Wales.

We were told of the changes made to the environment to minimise the risk of COVID-19 transmission within the communal areas and treatment rooms. These included social distancing measures and only patients with pre-arranged appointments could visit the practice. Surgeries have been decluttered of all unnecessary items.

Prior to an appointment, patients will need to complete an online or over the telephone COVID-19 screening questionnaire. Staff also provide patients with information about the patient journey at the practice. These measures help reduce the amount of time a patient spends at the surgery.

When patients arrive for appointments they are asked if they have any symptoms of COVID-19. Hand sanitiser is given upon entry into the building. Face masks must be worn until the patient is seated in the surgery, unless they are exempt.

We were told the practice treats a diverse population group, but has not had any demand from their patients wishing to access care in the medium of Welsh. The registered manger told us that they would manage this request in the same way as other non-English speaking patients, by using family and friends to help translate. However, language line can be

accessed if required.

We were told that all surgeries are equipped to perform Aerosol Generating Procedures (AGP)¹. Ventilation and extraction units are installed in three of the surgeries to facilitate the removal of contaminated air.

The number of appointments has been reduced to enable sufficient fallow time² and to allow for adequate time to disinfect the surgeries between patients.

No areas for improvements were identified.

Infection prevention and control

During the quality check, we considered how the service has responded to the challenges presented by COVID-19, and how well it manages and controls the risk of infection to help keep patients, visitors and staff safe.

The key documents we reviewed included:

- A copy of the WHTM01-05 decontamination audit and action plan
- Cleaners schedule for cleaning
- Cleaning protocol
- AGP surgery set up list
- Decontamination procedure
- Infection control policy
- Autoclave daily and weekly checks
- Ultrasonic bath checklist.

The following positive evidence was received:

We were provided with various documents for the prevention and control of infection, which included an infection control policy. We were provided with practice cleaning protocols and records for the decontamination of instruments and dental equipment.

We were told of the systems in place to ensure all staff were aware of, and discharged their responsibilities for preventing and controlling infection. This was evidenced in the infection control policy and cleaning protocols. In addition, we were told that PPE training, including FFP3 mask training and donning and doffing³ of PPE had been delivered to all staff.

¹ An aerosol generating procedure (AGP) is a medical procedure that can result in the release of airborne particles (aerosols) from the respiratory tract when treating someone who is suspected or known to be suffering from an infectious agent transmitted wholly or partly by the airborne or droplet route.

² Fallow time is the downtime in the surgery following an aerosol generating procedure (AGP) taking place.

³ Donning - putting on personal protective equipment (PPE); Doffing - taking off personal protective equipment (PPE)

We were told that when AGPs are being carried out, the triage⁴ call can help identify the equipment that will be required. This is prepared in advance to minimise staff entering or leaving the surgery during the procedure. The mechanical ventilation system helps to reduce the concentration of aerosols in the air and reduces the amount of fallow⁵ time between each patient. These practises ensure that infection risk is minimised during AGP procedures.

Staff explained that patients were contacted prior to their appointment and asked a series of questions to determine whether they were at risk of transmitting the virus. Patients who were displaying symptoms or were awaiting results of a COVID-19 test were asked to stay home and not attend the practice.

We were told that the practice had sufficient stock of PPE. Staff visually check supplies and order items when required.

No areas for improvements were identified.

Governance / Staffing

As part of this standard, HIW questioned the service representatives about how, in the light of the impact of COVID-19, they have adapted their service. We explored whether management arrangements ensure that staff are suitable in their roles and are appropriately trained in order to provide safe and effective care.

The key documents we reviewed included:

- Assessing and monitoring the quality of service provision report (prepared under Regulation 16 of the Private Dentistry (Wales) Regulations 2017)
- Consent policy
- Business continuity and recovery policy
- Training records for staff
- Record card audit
- Radiograph audit
- · Medical history audit
- Initial examination audit
- Consent audit

Copy of the latest statement of purpose

• Copy of the latest patient information leaflet.

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⁴ Triage is the prioritisation of patient care based on illness/injury, severity, prognosis and resource availability

⁵ After an AGP treatment has been performed, appropriate fallow time is required. Fallow time is the time where the empty surgery is left undisturbed for aerosols to settle in the surgery before cleaning can commence and the next appointment is due.

The following positive evidence was received:

We saw evidence of training records, which showed compliance with mandatory training. We were told that staff are waiting to complete their face to face CPR training. The lapse in this training is an unfortunate result of the pandemic which resulted in face to face courses being cancelled. The registered manager explained the process for ensuring training was up to date, with staff continuing to use e-learning⁶ packages for Continued Professional Development (CPD).

The practice has maintained their processes for the reporting of any incidents, with the registered manager having an oversight of any incidents. We were told that staff were aware of their roles and responsibilities in reporting incidents to regulatory agencies including Healthcare Inspectorate Wales (HIW). Any updated guidance for healthcare professionals was delivered to staff via team meetings and their messaging app group.

We were told that the practice continuously strives to improve the service provided to patients. This was evidenced in the audit documentation provided with the self-assessment, which included a radiograph quality audit, medical history audit, initial examination audit and a WHTM 01-05 decontamination audit.

The process of checking emergency equipment and medicines was explained. Staff have the responsibility for performing the checks, recording the findings and ordering stock as required.

We reviewed the statement of purpose⁷ and patient information leaflet⁸ which contained all the information required by the Private Dentistry (Wales) Regulations 2017.

The following areas for improvement were identified:

We recommended that the details of the health board's chief executive is updated in the complaints section of the statement of purpose to reflect a recent change.

We were provided with a copy of the latest annual report prepared under Regulation 16(3) of the Private Dentistry (Wales) Regulations 2017. The report did not include all the areas required by the regulation. Therefore we recommend that the registered manager reviews the requirements of Regulation 16 and includes these in the next report.

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⁶ Learning conducted via electronic media, typically on the internet.

⁷ "statement of purpose" ("datganiad o ddiben") means the statement compiled in accordance with regulation 5(1) of the Private Dentistry (Wales) Regulations and Schedule 1.

⁸ Information as required by Schedule 2 of the above regulations.

What next?

Where we have identified areas for improvements during our quality check and require the service to tell us about the actions taken to address these, an improvement plan providing details will be provided at the end of this quality check summary.

Where an improvement plan is required, it should:

- Ensure actions taken in response to the issues identified are specific, measurable, achievable, realistic and timed
- Include enough detail to provide HIW and the public with assurance that the areas for improvements identified will be sufficiently addressed
- Ensure required evidence against stated actions is provided to HIW within three months of the quality check.

As a result of the findings from this quality check, the service should:

- Ensure that the areas for improvements are not systemic across other areas within the wider organisation
- Provide HIW with updates where actions remain outstanding and/or in progress, to confirm when these have been addressed.

The improvement plan, once agreed, will be published on HIW's website.

If no areas for improvement were identified during this quality check, an improvement plan will not be required, and only the quality check summary report will be published on HIW's website.

Improvement plan

Setting: Llantarnam Dental Practice

Date of activity: 1 November 2021

The table below includes improvements identified during the Quality Check, where we require the service to complete an improvement plan telling us about the actions they are taking to address these areas.

Please note, all actions are expected to be complete within three months of the Quality Check and the final version of the Improvement Plan is to be submitted via Objective Connect once complete.

Reference Number	Improvement needed	Standard/ Regulation	Service Action	Responsible Officer	Timescale
1	The registered manager must updated the details of the health board's chief executive in the complaints section of the statement of purpose to reflect a recent change.	Dentistry (Wales)	We have already included details of the interim CEO & will change again to the definitive CEO when appointed	Sara Lewis	ТВА
2	The registered manager must review the requirements of Regulation 16 and ensure all areas are included in the next annual report.	Dentistry	We will review which items in the list are not covered by the annual QAS we submit to ABUHB each Autumn & report on these in the next Reg 16 Annual review	Tim Harker	June 2022

	(a) (b) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv); (c); (d) (i) (ii) (iii)		
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The following section must be completed by a representative of the service who has overall responsibility and accountability for ensuring the improvement plan is actioned.

TR Harker 22nd November 2021